

Entity identification in the cryptoasset ecosystem

International Digital Security Forum 2022















TITANIUM: Tools for the Investigation of Transactions in Underground Markets





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Versatile artificial intelligence investigative technologies for revealing online cross-border financing activities of terrorism













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Versatile artificial intelligence investigative technologies for revealing online cross-border financing activities of terrorism **Entity:** person or organization that controls or can control multiple public-key addresses













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Why is important to identify entities?

- During an investigation, it is not enough to detect malicious/illicit addresses or transactions.
- LEAs need to investigate the entity that has generated these malicious/illicit activities













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Why is important to identify entities?

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However, LEAs have difficulty to start an investigation:

- A large number of addresses to be controlled (waste of time and resources)
- Unknow *real-world* actor's identity



Entity Taxonomy*

- ☐ **Miner:** who participates in validating transactions on the blockchain
- **Service:** A service refers to some software functionality or a set of software functionalities that can be used by different actors for different purposes.
- Exchange: that provides services to buy and sell tokens and for exchange of FIAT currencies
- ☐ Trading platform: P2P Exchange, Decentralized Exchange
- ☐ Wallet providers: Hardware wallet, software wallet, custodian wallet
- ☐ Escrow: a contractual arrangement in which a third party receives and disburses assets
- ☐ **Tumbler:** a method of scrambling or anonymizing the source of one's cryptocurrencies
- ☐ Darknet Market: is a commercial website on the web that operates vias darknets









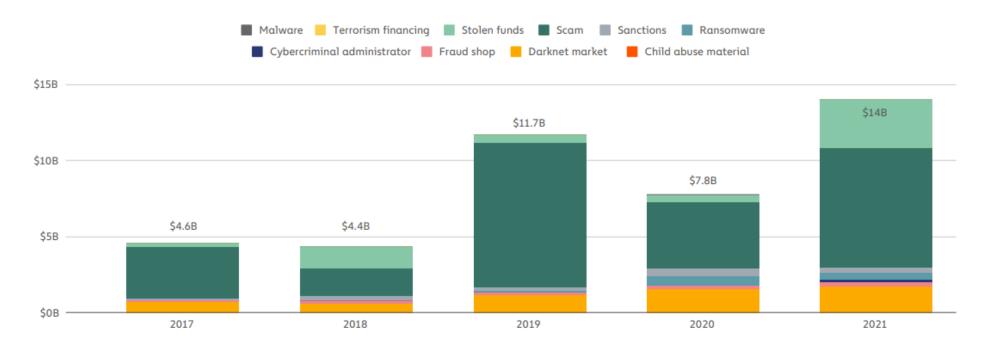


Other: Gambling, Flash Loan, Crypto ATM, Dead drop, etc.



Cryptocurrency-based crime hit a new all-time high in 2021, with illicit addresses receiving \$14 billion over the course of the year, up from \$7.8 billion in 2020.

Total cryptocurrency value received by illicit addresses | 2017-2021



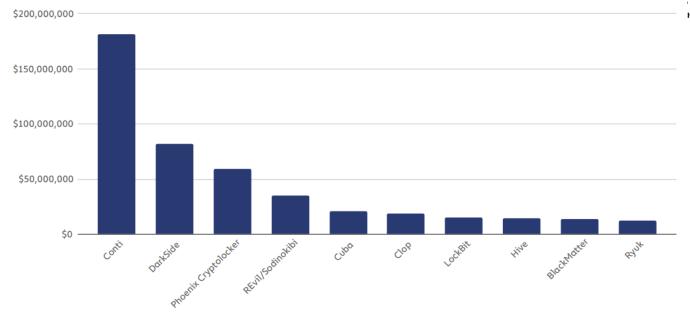
*Source: Crypto-Crime-Report-2022

Ransomware

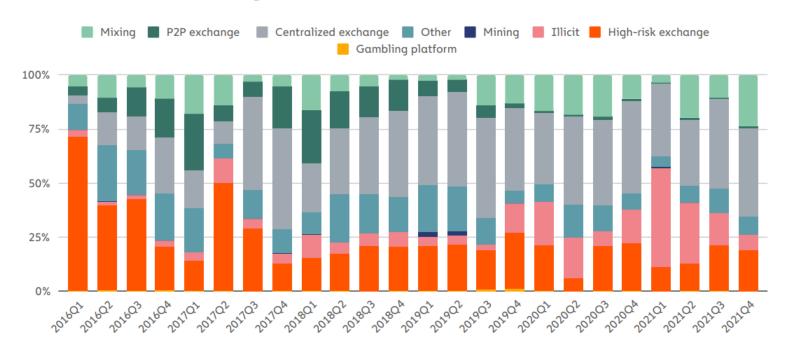
In 2020, \$ 692 million were involved in ransomware payments and about \$602 million worth in 2021.

Most ransomware strains have laundered their stolen funds by sending them to centralized exchanges.

Top 10 ransomware strains by revenue | 2021



Destination of funds leaving ransomware addresses | 2016-2021

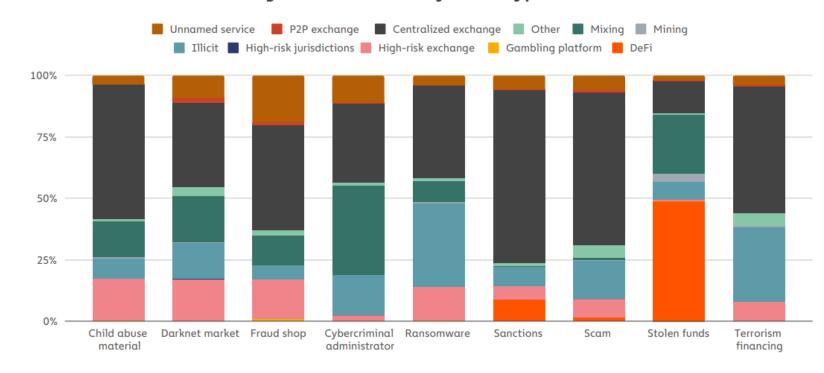




Money laundering

While billions of dollars worth of cryptocurrency move from illicit addresses every year, most of it ends up at a surprisingly small group of services, many of which appear purpose-built for money laundering based on their transaction histories.

Destination of funds leaving illicit addresses by crime type | 2021



*Source: Crypto-Crime-Report-2022



Terrorism Financing (TF)

In 2019 and 2020, al-Qaeda raised cryptocurrency through Telegram channels and Facebook groups. More than \$1 million was seized from a money service business (MSBs) operator who facilitated some of these transactions.

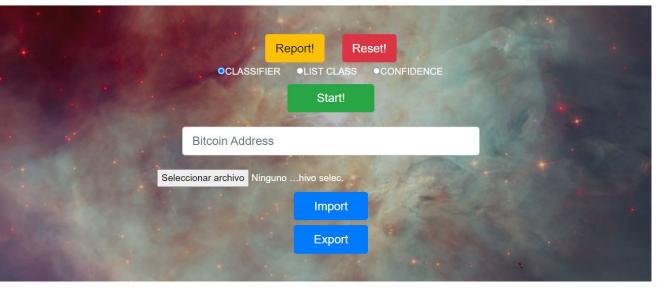
In the early Spring of 2021, al-Qassam Brigades, Hamas' military wing, collected more than \$100,000 in donations. In July, the Israeli government seized much of it from associated MSBs.

!! However, it is difficult to relate TF directly with crypto entities !!

*Source: Crypto-Crime-Report-2022

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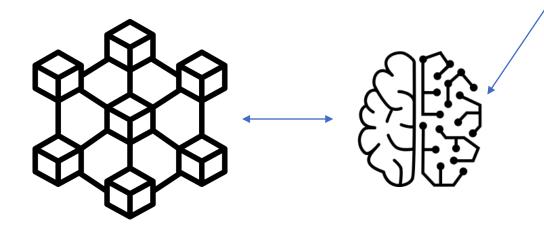


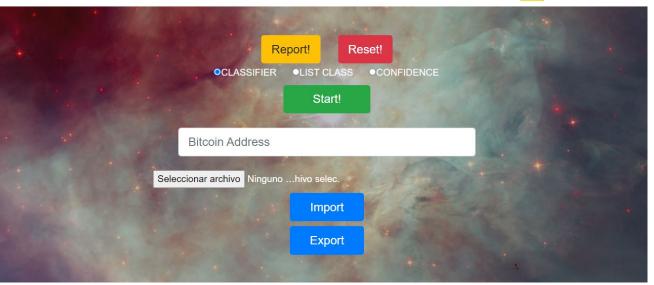






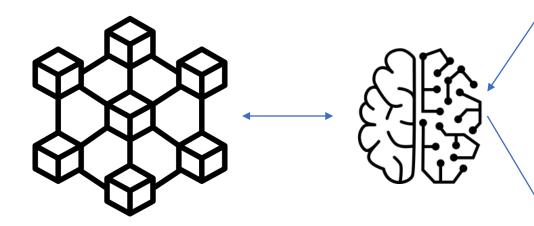
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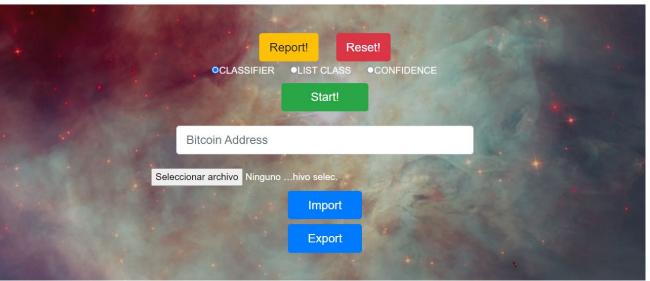






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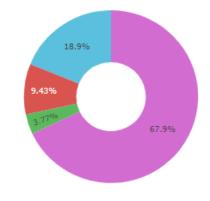
Service
Gambling

ExchangeMarketplace

Address: 16tSmKHUR4K3EV82txfDy5dgn3mxKT2UJW

Cluster Label: Poloniex.com

version: 1





Open challenges

☐ How we can prevent terrorism financing since they can also use licit funds?

☐ We the introduction of technology such as Non-fungible Tokens (NFT), how do entity behaviours change? Does it promote new illicit patterns?

☐ How is it possible to deal with the (grown) number of darknet markets?